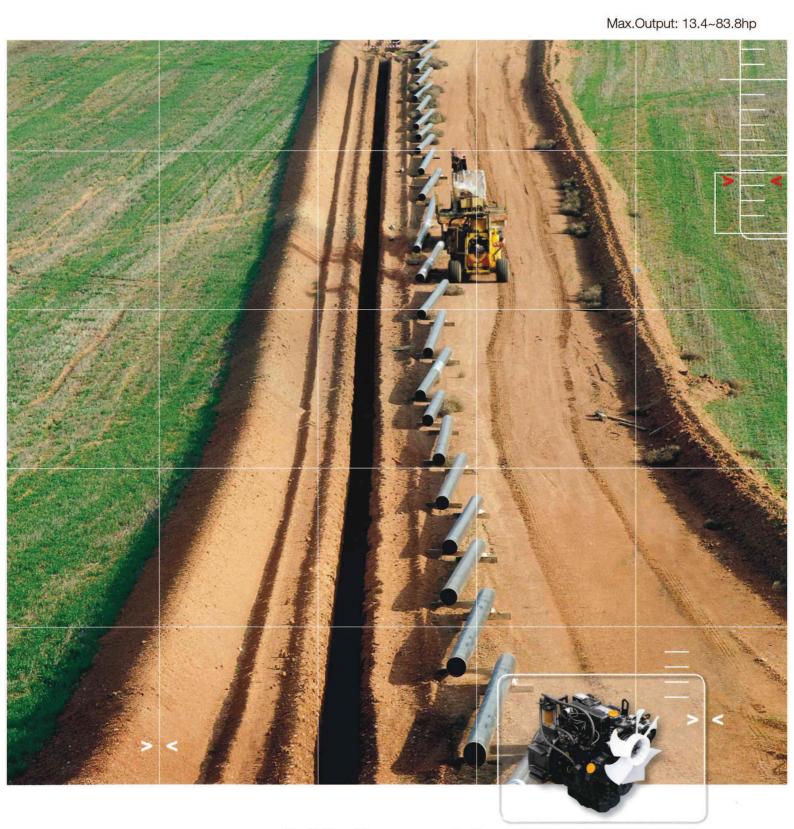


TNVSeries



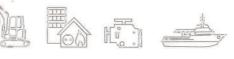
Call for Yanmar solutions











The TNV series adds a whole range of "goodies" that make this engine a mechanical "Work of art"

The much acclaimed "Clean and Silent" TNE series has just become even better. Its called the TNV, and it stands for Total New Value. Lets take a look......

Emission Reduction (ie a Cleaner Engine)

Cleaner engines with even lower exhaust emissions are achieved by improving on the already excellent TNE base. Stricter emission standards are cleared by a wide margin.

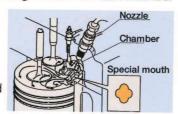


IDI engines

1. Combustion Chamber

By investingating flow characteristics using experimental and numerical analysis methods, Yanmar research has achieved improved flow mixing in both the main chamber

and the special mouth surrounding the injector. More efficient use of the incoming air charge results in cleaner burn and lower exhaust emissions.



2. Fuel Injection Equipment Mechanical Pump

Instead of a PFR pump, a newly developed in-line pump has been used for the smaller TNV engines. Adjustments are made solely in the Yanmar's own FIE factory ensuring precise compliance with regulations. Also the following features are incorporated:

- —Increased force is applied by the governor to quicken the fuel controlling rack response time. Engine revs are more constant. Matching to a wide range of machinery is simplified.
- —Emmisions have been reduced by controlling fuel injection timing according to engine load.
- —Cam profiles are matched to nozzle throttle needs, which give a better controlled injection rate. Emissions are reduced.

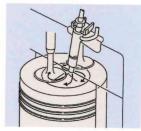
DI engines

1. Nozzle Installation Angle

The installation angle of the fuel injection nozzle is greater than that in conventional engines, so that uneven atomization of fuel between injections can be reduced. Excellent matching between intake swirl ratio and the shape of the combustion chamber has resulted in uniform mixing of fuel in the combustion chamber. Therefore, performance including combustion efficiency, startability, noise, and exhaust emission has been improved.

On the 4TN94L, -98 and -98T by using 2 inlet and 2 exhaust valves, air intake and expulsion is markedly improved. Vertically mounted injector nozzle minimizes imbalance of

spray pattern.



2. Combustion Chamber

It increases the fluid energy of the air and fuel charge. The swirl effect produced in the chamber continues while combustion occurs, aiding mixing and results in lower



exhaust emissions compared to conventional chambers.

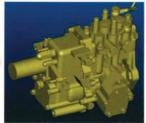




3. Fuel Injection Equipment

MP Pump

A new MP pump has been developed especially for the TNV engine series. Our aim was to make improvements over a wide range of areas to even further reduce emissions.



Features are:

- -High injection pressure
- Use of a mono plunger reduces uneven injection between the cylinders.
- Timing Control Device system optimizes injection to take into account speeds, loads and the startup phase.
- New mechanical governor helps to maintain cleaner exhausts.
- —Minimal variation from chosen revs at low speed using constant pressure valve.

Fuel Injection Nozzle

- Multiple numbers of very small holes are used to achieve uniform atomization.
- —Holes are not simply drilled, their inside edges are carefully rounded to promote even flow and direction of spray, also to reduce resistance.
- Low sack nozzle profile improves combustion. Double corn shape protects from cavitation.

EGR Valve (≥37kW)

Modulation of the EGR valve by the engine control unit provides for the needs of all kinds of equipment.



5. Electronic Control (≥37kW)

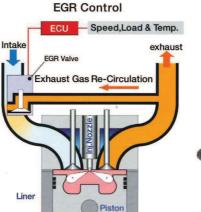
The electronic control system brings the world the highly evolved electronic governing technologies of many years' experience. It's a standard fitting on the 37kW+ engine series, superbly matched to all kinds of equipment, and also available as an option on sub-37kW units. This is the system that expands work flexibility.

The EGR valve is modulated according to the RPM, load etc. to reduce NOx emissions and treat the environment well. Fuel injection is regulated to the optimum level on starting and acceleration and black diesel smoke is much reduced. All is controlled by external switches. Integrated operation of the equipment ECU by CAN-bus communication enables RPM adjustment and the switching

of governor features to suit the needs of the job. ECU troubleshooting and service tools have been enhanced for finding the answers on a personal computer.



EGR Valve





with Electronic governor

Noise Level Reduction (ie a more Silent Engine)

EGR Valve

1. Cylinder Block Noise Reduction

Yanmar's original CAE techniques have optimized the stiffness, minimized transformation, and reduced radiant noise.

2. Muffler Noise Reduction

Original CAE technique is used to design a muffler with optimized volumes and sound isolation materials.



Engine Specifications

Engine Mod	lel	2TNV70	3TNV70	3TNV76	3TNV82A (-B)	3TNV84T-B		
Туре					1	STATE OF THE STATE		
Combustion								
Aspiration			Indirect injection (IDI) Natura		Turbocharged			
No. of cylinde	ers	2		,	Turbooriargoa			
Cyl. Bore x s	troke mm	70 x 74 76 x 82			82 x 84	84 x 90		
Displacemen	t Litter	0.570	0.854	1.116	1.331	1.496		
Direction of r	otation				1,000			
Governor system		Mechanical						
EGR system		25	*		_			
Cooling Syste	em							
_ubrication S	System							
Starting Sys	tem							
Dry mass (Back plate) kg		73	87	94	111	150		
Dry mass (Bell housing) kg		84	98	112	128	159		
Applicable Emission Regulation	EPA Tier3 Compliance	н	14	-	100			
	EPA IT4 Compliance	ж	-	O(≧19kW)	(≥19kW)	O(≥19kW)		
	EPA Tier4 Compliance	0	0	○(≦19kW)	(≤19kW)	O(≦19kW)	-	
	EC Stage IIA (Generator use)	-	-	○(≥19kW)	-	-		
	EC Stage III A (Industrial use)		_	(≥19kW)	(≥19kW)	O(≧19kW)		

Output

Model				2TNV70	3TNV70	3TNV76	3TNV82A(-B)	3TNV84T-B	
Industrial use	NET kW/ NET hp/ Gross kW	min-1 (rpm)	3600	9.9/13.3/10.5	15.5 / 20.8 / 17.0		(8)	-	
			3400	9.6 / 12.9 / 10.1	14.7 / 19.7 / 16.1	4	(8)	-	
			3200	9.3 / 12.5 / 9.8	14.0 / 18.8 / 15.1	18.2/24.4/19.9	(#1)	-	
			3000	9.1 / 12.2 / 9.5	13.7 / 18.4 / 14.6	17.9/24.0/19.2	21.9/29.4/23.0	-	
			2800	8.5 / 11.4 / 8.8	12.8 / 17.2 / 13.6	16.7/22.4/17.8	20.4/27.4/21.3	29.1/39.0/30.2	
			2700	8.2 / 11.0 / 8.4	12.4/ 16.6 / 13.1	16.1/21.6/17.1	19.7/26.4/20.5		
			2600	7.9 / 10.6 / 8.1	11.8 / 15.8 / 12.5	15.5/20.8/16.5	19.0/25.5/19.7	26.8/35.9/27.7	
			2500	7.6 / 10.2 / 7.8	11.4 / 15.3 / 12.0	14.9/20.0/15.8	18.2/24.4/18.9	-	
			2400	7.3 / 9.8 / 7.5	11.0 / 14.8 / 11.5	14.3/19.2/15.1	17.5/23.5/18.1		
			2300	7.0 / 9.4 / 7.2	10.5 / 14.1 / 11.0	13.8/18.5/14.4	16.8/22.5/17.3		
			2200	6.6 / 8.9 / 6.8	9.9 / 13.3 / 10.3	13.2/17.7/13.8	16.0/21.5/16.5		
			2100	6.3 / 8.4 / 6.5	9.5 / 12.7 / 9.9	12.5/16.8/13.0	-	-	
			2000	6.0 / 8.0 / 6.1	9.0 / 12.1 / 9.3	11.8/15.8/12.3	-		
Generator use NET kW/ NET hp/ Gross kW	Stand-by		3600	10.0 / 13.4 / 10.6	16.0 / 21.5 / 17.6	19.5/26.1/21.7			
			3000	8.5 / 11.4 / 8.8	13.3 / 17.8 / 14.3	16.6/22.3/17.9	-		
			1800		8.0 / 10.7 / 8.3	10.7/14.3/11.1	13.2/17.7/13.8	18.3/24.5/18.6	
			1500		6.7 / 9.0 / 6.8	9.0/12.1/9.2	11.0/14.8/11.3	15.3/20.5/15.5	
	Continuous		3600	9.1 / 12.2 / 9.7	14.5 / 19.4 / 16.1	17.7/23.7/19.9		-	
			3000	7.7 / 10.3 / 8.1	12.1 / 16.2 / 13.1	15.1/20.2/16.5			
			1800	(30)	7.3 / 9.8 / 7.5	9.8/13.1/10.1	12.0/16.1/12.6	16.6/22.5/17.2	
			1500		6.1 / 8.2 / 6.3	8.2/11.0/8.4	9.9/13.3/10.3	14.1/19.1/14.4	

Note: When specification varies, the above engine speed and rated output will vary accordingly.





Performance Curves

